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AWAMIAH

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ND GO, JOHN,

ARMING

SONG and QUARTET

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Benjamin McLean, Sheriff of the county of Cattaraugus, in said State, will sell at public auction, at the Court House, in the village of Ellipticville, in said county, on Saturday, the 18th day of July, 1863, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all and singular the real estate and premises described in said judgment and therein described as follows:—

Certain land and real estate, situate in the County of Cattaraugus, and State of New York—being in Township number three, Range eight, as laid down on a map made by Joseph Elliott, being part of lot number forty-six, in said Township; Bounded East by a line parallel to the East bounds of said lot, sixty-shains and eighteen links; South by lot number forty-five, sixteen chains sixty-five links; West by a line parallel to the first mentioned boundary, fifty-nine chains ninety-four links; and North by lot number forty-seven, sixteen chains sixty-five links, containing one hundred acres, be the same more or less.—Dated June 4, 1863.

BENJAMIN McLEAN, Sheriff.

W. WOODBURY, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Sheriff's Proclamation.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF CATTARAUGUS, ss.—The undersigned, Sheriff of said County, in conformity to a precept to him in this behalf delivered, by this, his Proclamation, requires all persons bound to appear at a Supreme Court and Court of Oyer and Terminer, to be held at the Court-House, in the village of Ellipticville, in said County of Cattaraugus, on the 4th Monday of June, 1863, at 10 o'clock, A. M. of that day, by recognition or otherwise, to appear thereat, and the undersigned hereby requires all Justices of the Peace, Coroners and other Officers who have taken any recognition for the appearance of any person at the said Court, or who have taken any inquisition, or the examination of any prisoner or witness, to return such recognition, inquisition and examination to the said Court at the opening thereof, on the first day of its sitting.

Done at the Sheriff's Office, in said County, on the 7th day of May, 1863.

BENJAMIN McLEAN, Sheriff.

Mortgage Sale.

ON the twenty-sixth day of November, A. D. 1859, George M. Fitch and Virena D. Fitch his Wife, of the County of Cattaraugus, New York, duly executed and delivered to Benjamin Chamberlain of the same place, a certain indenture of Mortgage, bearing date on that day. The said Mortgage contains the usual power of sale, by the terms of which said Mortgage is authorized to sell the Mortgaged premises, as public sale in case of default in the payment of the money secured thereby or any part thereof. The premises embraced in said Mortgage are therein described as follows: All that tract or parcel of land situate in the Town of Little Valley, County of Cattaraugus, State of New York, and distinguished by being lot number five, in Block D, of the village of Little Valley, according to a map and survey of said village, made November 22, 1851, by George A. Bush, surveyor, a map of which survey is recorded in the office of the Clerk of Cattaraugus County aforesaid; Excepting and reserving from this conveyance thirty-six feet in width off the Northeast-erly side of said lot number five, heretofore conveyed to Newton Fuller by the party hereto of the second part.

The said Mortgage was given to secure the payment of the sum of \$600 00 and interest thereon, said principal sum to be paid in six years from the date of said Mortgage and the interest thereon to be paid annually on the 26th day of November, and was duly recorded together with said power of sale, in the office of the Clerk of Cattaraugus County, on the 12th day of December, 1859, at 9 o'clock, A. M., in Liber 25 of Mortgages, at Page 209. Default has been made in the payment of the sum of \$41 00, interest money which is claimed to be due on said Mortgage, at the date of the first publication of this notice, whereby said power of sale has become operative; and there is yet to become due thereon the sum of \$600, and interest thereon from November 20, 1862.

No proceedings at law or equity are now pending to collect said sums or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that said Mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder therefor, in pursuance of said power of sale, and the statute in such case provided, at Henderson & Wentworth's Law Office, in Randolph, Cattaraugus County, New York, on the 22d day of August, 1863, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and said Mortgage will thereby be foreclosed.—Dated and first published May 28, 1863.

BENJ. CHAMBERLAIN.

HENDERSON & WENTWORTH, Attorneys. 43

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of an Execution, issued out of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, to me directed and delivered against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of the first Presbyterian Church and Society, in the town of Ellipticville, I have seized and taken all the right, title and interest of the above named defendants, in and to the following piece or parcel of land, to wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the village of Ellipticville, county of Cattaraugus, and State of New York, distinguished by part of lot number ninety, in said village—Bounded as follows: Beginning in the Northernly bounds of Elizabeth street, and in the Southwesterly corner of land heretofore conveyed by Thomas J. Williams to Truman R. Colman; thence Westerly along the Northernly bounds of said street, three chains twelve links; thence Northernly parallel to the Westerly bounds of the above mentioned land conveyed to Truman R. Colman, eighty links, to the highway; thence along the Easterly bounds of the highway, two chains thirty-eight links; thence Easterly to a point in the Westerly bounds of the above mentioned land deeded to Truman R. Colman, two chains forty-two links, to the place of beginning, more or less. Excepting and reserving therefrom the following described land—Bounded Easterly by land heretofore conveyed by said Thomas J. Williams to said Truman R. Colman, two chains forty-two links; Southernly by Elizabeth street, one chain; Westerly by a line parallel to the Westerly line of said land, heretofore conveyed to said Colman as above mentioned; and Northernly by the Northernly line of land above described.

June
25,
1863

year, and \$2 00 when payment is made.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

	1w.	4w.	2m.	3m.	6m.	1y.
1 sq.	\$ 60	\$ 1 25	\$ 2 25	\$ 3 00	\$ 5 00	\$ 8 00
2 sq.	1 00	2 50	3 50	5 00	7 50	12 00
3 sq.	1 50	3 50	4 50	7 00	9 00	15 00
1/2 col.	2 00	5 00	7 00	9 00	13 00	18 00
1/4 col.	4 00	8 00	10 00	12 50	20 00	28 00
1 ind.	8 00	15 00	20 00	24 00	38 00	60 00

The Cattaraugus Freeman.

THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1863.

A Letter From Capt. C. P. Vedder.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., May 28, 1863.

LIEUT. WINTERS:—Your promptness in answering my communication deserves my sincere thanks. Allow me then to thank you also for the deep interest you have from the beginning taken in the Company and myself. I have within my own range of observation, always had your most hearty co-operation which always is vitally essential to the harmonic articulation of military functions. My wife, who is now here, unites with me in expressing to you our deepest gratitude in writing to her after the battle.

I do not know how soon I shall be exchanged, but hope soon, for I wish to return, so as to be near my wounded boys. They fought like tigers.

I was standing by the side of the Col. and he spoke to me and asked if I heard the command to retreat, or who gave it, for men and officers on the left of us were going to the woods on an accelerated run, I told him I did not know. In a little while, perhaps a minute, he said—I guess you had better fall back, for the enemy are on both our flanks. This is the substance, if not the strict letter of our conversation. I saw you, but did not see Cameron. He must have been wounded while in the rifle-pits.

Benson I saw when shot, and I ordered two men to carry him, as I could easily spare them for too many already were in the pits. Dwight Moore and Isaac Bryant were sent. Joel Kelly was wounded, not mortally, and must have been taken prisoner, and perhaps has since died by catching cold. Isaac Bryant was dangerously wounded and a prisoner. Henry Ellis was killed by the edge of the woods—Lieutenant, you were not in the least presumptuous in opening my trunk. I am glad you did so. Have the quarterly returns been made out yet? Hooker, you know, said he should stop our wages unless they were made out immediately. I guess he'll excuse us when he finds out how well our Regiment fought.

The officers of our Regiment who were left in Richmond, have arrived. They came Monday. All of them are well except Griswold, who was shot in the right arm. I cannot tell where he is, but have been told that he came up on the boat.

I don't know as I can add much more to the worth of this letter, than to say that this place presents an air of romance unrivalled by any city of the South. Tell the boys of the Company that their manly action before, and their heroic conduct during the battle, justly entitle them to the greatest esteem of our commander. Also assure them that I am still for war, and believe now more than ever in the hopelessness of the Rebel cause, and the ultimate triumph of ours. I ardently hope that I may soon be permitted to return to them, and lead them on to signal victory. Yours, C. P. VEDDER.

American Insurrections

Since the termination of the Revolution

President Lincoln on Vallandigham and "Arbitrary Arrests."

A great "Democratic" meeting was held at Albany on the 16th ult., to denounce the arrest of Vallandigham and demand restoration to liberty. Hon. Erastus M. C. presided; Major Eli Perry, Vice-President, &c., &c. This meeting was unanimously

Resolved, That we demand that the Adm. shall be true to the Constitution; shall recalcitrant the rights of the States and the citizens; shall everywhere, outside of the necessary military occupation and the execution, exert all its powers to maintain the rights of the civil over military law.

Resolved, That in view of these principles, we demand the recent assumption of a military power to seize and try a citizen of Ohio, Clement Vallandigham, for no other reason than words addressed in public meeting, in criticism of the course of administration, and a denunciation of the military that General.

Resolved, That this assumption of power by a military tribunal, if successfully asserted, not only negates the right of the people to assemble, to discuss the affairs of Government, the liberty of speech, the press, the right of trial by jury, the law and the privilege of habeas corpus, but it subverts the supremacy of law, and the authority of the State and Federal Constitutions, &c., &c.,—closed as follows:

Resolved, That the President, Vice-President, and the members of the Executive, be requested to copy of these resolutions to his Excellency, the President of the United States, with the assurance of their hearty and earnest desire that the Government in every constitutional measure to suppress the existing Rebellion.

The officers obeyed this request, which reads as follows:

ALBANY, Mo.

To his Excellency the President of the United States: The undersigned, officers of a public meeting held at Albany on the 16th day of May, herewith transmit your Excellency a copy of the resolutions adopted at the said meeting, and request your earnest consideration of them. It proper on their personal responsibility, the meeting was one of the most respectable and character, and one of the most in support of the Union, ever held in this State. Yours, with great regard,

ERASTUS CORNING, President

—To which the following answer returned by the President:

MR. LINCOLN'S REPLY

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, J. Hon. ERASTUS CORNING, and others.

GENTLEMEN: Your letter of May 16th closing the resolutions of a public meeting held at Albany, N. Y., on the 16th of the same month, was received several

The resolutions, as I understand, are resolvable into two propositions:—expression of a purpose to sustain the Union, to secure peace thereby, and to support the Administration constitutional and lawful measures to suppress the Rebellion; and secondly, a resolution of censure upon the Administration for supposed unconstitutional acts, the making of military arrests, &c., &c. The two propositions, a third; which is that the gentlemen coming to the meeting are resolved on doing to maintain our common government, &c., &c., despite the folly or wickedness may conceive, of any Administration position is eminently patriotic, and thank the meeting and congratulate them for it. My own purpose is that the meeting and myself have no object, and can have no difference in the choice of means or measures to suppress the Rebellion.

And here I ought to close this would close it, if there were no other than more injurious consequences merely personal to myself might censure systematically cast upon me what in my view of duty, I hear. The resolutions promise